

About this Reference Guide

This Reference Guide ("RG") has been prepared and issued by Equity Trustees Limited ("Equity Trustees", "we" or "Responsible Entity"). The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statement ("PDS") for the Paradice Australian Equities Fund, Paradice Global Small Cap Fund, Paradice Australian Mid Cap Fund - Class B, Paradice Australian Small Cap Fund - Class B and Paradice Global Emerging Markets Fund (each a "Fund") dated 20 November 2019.

The information provided in this RG is for general information only and does not take into account your individual objectives, financial situation or needs. You should obtain financial and taxation advice tailored to your personal circumstances.

Contents

1. Investing into a Paradice Fund
2. Managing your investment
3. Withdrawing your investment
4. Additional information on fees and costs
5. Other important information
6. Glossary

Updated information

Information in the relevant PDS and this RG is subject to change. Before making an investment in any of the Funds, you should ensure that you have read the relevant PDS and RG current as at the date of your investment.

You can request a copy of the relevant PDS and RG by visiting www.eqt.com.au/insto or by calling Paradice Investment Management Pty Ltd ("Paradice") on 02 8227 7400. A paper copy of the updated information will also be provided free of charge on request.

Investment Manager

Paradice Investment Management Pty Ltd
ABN 64 090 148 619, AFSL 224158
Level 27, Chifley Tower
2 Chifley Square, Sydney NSW 2000
Email: InvestorRelations@paradice.com
Web: www.paradice.com

Administrator and Custodian

State Street Australia Limited
ABN 21 002 965 200
Level 14, 420 George Street
Sydney NSW 2000

Responsible Entity

Equity Trustees Limited
ABN 46 004 031 298, AFSL 240975
GPO Box 2307
Melbourne VIC 3001
Ph: +613 8623 5000
Web: www.eqt.com.au/insto

1. Investing into a Paradise Fund

Application cut-off times

If we receive a correctly completed Application Form, identification documents (if applicable) and cleared application money:

- before 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your application for units is accepted, you will generally receive the Application Price calculated for that Business Day; or
- on or after 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your application for units is accepted, you will generally receive the Application Price calculated for the next Business Day.

Please see the relevant PDS for information regarding how to apply.

Application terms

We will only start processing an application if:

- we consider that you have correctly completed the Application Form;
- you have provided us with the relevant identification documents if required; and
- we have received the application money (in cleared funds) stated in your Application Form.

2. Managing your investment

Authorised signatories

You can appoint a person, partnership or company as your authorised signatory. To do so, please nominate them on the Application Form and have them sign the relevant sections. If a company is appointed, the powers extend to any director and officer of the company. If a partnership is appointed, the powers extend to all partners. Such appointments will only be cancelled or changed once we receive written instructions from you to do so.

Once appointed, your authorised signatory has full access to operate your investment account for and on your behalf. This includes the following:

- making additional investments;
- requesting income distribution instructions be changed;
- withdrawing all or part of your investment;
- changing bank account details; and
- enquiring and obtaining copies of the status of your investment.

If you do appoint an authorised signatory:

- you are bound by their acts;
- you release, discharge and indemnify us from and against any losses, liabilities, actions, proceedings, claims and demands arising from instructions received from your authorised signatory; and
- you agree that our acting on any instructions received from your authorised signatory shall amount to complete satisfaction of our obligations, even if these instructions were made without your knowledge or authority.

Reports

Investors will be provided with the following reports:

- application and withdrawal confirmation statements;
- transaction statements; and
- (where applicable), distribution and tax statements.

Annual audited financial accounts are available on Equity Trustees' website.

3. Withdrawing your investment

Withdrawal cut-off times

If we receive a withdrawal request:

- before 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your withdrawal request is accepted, you will generally receive the Withdrawal Price calculated for that Business Day; or
- on or after 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your withdrawal request is accepted, you will generally receive the Withdrawal Price calculated for the next Business Day.

Please see the relevant PDS for information regarding how to request a withdrawal.

Withdrawal terms

Once we receive your withdrawal request, we may act on your instruction without further enquiry if the instruction bears your account number or investor details and your (apparent) signature(s), or your authorised signatory's (apparent) signature(s).

We may contact you to check your details before processing your withdrawal request but are not obliged to. This may cause a delay in finalising payment of your withdrawal money. No interest is payable for any delay in finalising payment of your withdrawal money.

We are not responsible or liable if you do not receive, or are late in receiving, any withdrawal money that is paid according to your instructions.

When you are withdrawing, you should take note of the following:

- Withdrawals will only be paid to the investor.
- We reserve the right to fully redeem your investment if, as a result of processing your request, your investment balance in the Fund falls below the minimum balance set out in the PDS.
- If we cannot satisfactorily identify you as the withdrawing investor, we may reject your withdrawal request or payment of your withdrawal proceeds will be delayed. We are not responsible for any loss you consequently suffer.
- As an investor who is withdrawing, you agree that any payment made according to instructions received by post, courier, email or fax, shall be a complete satisfaction of our obligations, despite any fact or circumstances such as the payment being made without your knowledge or authority.
- You agree that if the payment is made according to these terms, you, and any person claiming on your behalf, shall have no claim against us with regards to such payment.

Withdrawal restrictions

Under the Corporations Act, you do not have a right to withdraw from the Fund if the Fund is illiquid. In such circumstances, you will only be able to withdraw your investment if Equity Trustees makes a withdrawal offer in accordance with the Corporations Act. Equity Trustees is not obliged to make such offers.

The Fund will be deemed liquid if at least 80% of its assets are liquid assets (generally cash and marketable securities). In addition, we may at any time suspend consideration of withdrawal requests or defer our obligation to pay withdrawal proceeds if it is not possible, or not in the best interests of investors or former investors for us to do so, due to circumstances outside our control (such as restricted or suspended trading in a Fund asset).

4. Additional information on fees and costs

Paradice Australian Mid Cap Fund – Class B

Performance fee example

A reference to the 'Fund' in this section means the Paradise Australian Mid Cap Fund - Class B.

Paradice will be paid a performance fee equal to 15% (inclusive of GST and net of any RITC) of the dollar value of the outperformance of the Fund, calculated daily and payable monthly ('Performance Fee Period') in arrears. Outperformance is the difference between the Fund's return (after deduction of management fees, but excluding any performance fee accrual) and the Benchmark return. The Benchmark is a composite benchmark of 70% of the S&P/ ASX Mid Cap 50 Total Return Index and 30% of the S&P/ ASX Small Ordinaries Total Return Index.

If the Fund does not outperform the Benchmark in dollar terms, after deduction of management fees, no performance fee is payable in respect of that period, and no performance fee will begin to accrue in subsequent periods until the prior underperformance ('Performance Deficit') has been made up.

To ensure that the proportionality between the Performance Deficit and the value of the Fund remains consistent where a redemption occurs, at a time when the Fund has a Performance Deficit, the Performance Deficit will be reduced by the proportion of the Fund's NAV that the redemption represents. No such adjustments occur for applications.

The example below is provided for illustrative purposes only and does not represent any actual or prospective performance of the Fund. We do not provide any assurance that the Fund will achieve the performance used in the example and you should not rely on this in determining whether to invest in the Fund.

The following is an example of the performance fee expense for a Performance Fee Period payable on units of the Paradice Australian Mid Cap Fund - Class B. Terms referred below have the same meaning as detailed in section 6 of the PDS.

Assumptions:

- The percentage movement in the composite benchmark of 70% of the S&P/ASX Mid Cap 50 Total Return Index and 30% of the S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Total Return Index to the end of the Performance Fee Period is 5%.
- The Fund's investment return, after deduction of management fees but before deducting any performance fee accrual, for the Performance Fee Period is 10%.
- No Performance Deficit (negative performance fee amounts for previous Performance Fee Periods) exists to carry forward into this Performance Fee Period.

On the basis of the above assumptions, if the applicable Fund NAV (after deduction of management costs, but excluding any performance fee accrual) attributable to an investor's units was \$100,000, the performance fee expense in respect of those units for that Performance Fee Period would be approximately \$750 (10% Fund net return less 5% benchmark return = 5% outperformance x 15%).

Please note that the 'investment return' specified in this example:

- is only an example to assist investors to understand the effect of the performance fee expenses on the investment return of the Fund; and
- is not a forecast of the expected investment return for the Fund.

Paradice Australian Small Cap Fund – Class B

Performance fee example

A reference to the 'Fund' in this section means the Paradice Australian Small Cap Fund (Class B).

Paradice will be paid a performance fee equal to 20% (inclusive of GST and net of any RITC) of the dollar value of the outperformance of the Fund, calculated daily and payable monthly ('Performance Fee Period') in arrears. Outperformance is the difference between the Fund's return (after deduction of management fees, but excluding any performance fee accrual) and the Benchmark return. The Benchmark is the S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Total Return Index.

If the Fund does not outperform the Benchmark in dollar terms, after deduction of management fees, no performance fee is payable in respect of that period, and no performance fee will begin to accrue in subsequent periods until the prior underperformance ('Performance Deficit') has been made up.

To ensure that the proportionality between the Performance Deficit and the value of the Fund remains consistent where a redemption occurs, at a time when the Fund has a Performance Deficit, the Performance Deficit will be reduced by the proportion of the Fund's NAV that the redemption represents. No such adjustments occur for applications.

The example below is provided for illustrative purposes only and does not represent any actual or prospective performance of the Fund. We do not provide any assurance that the Fund will achieve the performance used in the example and you should not rely on this in determining whether to invest in the Fund.

The following is an example of the performance fee expense for a Performance Fee Period payable on units of the Paradice Australian Small Cap Fund - Class B. Terms referred below have the same meaning as detailed in section 6 of the PDS.

Assumptions:

- The percentage movement in the S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Total Return Index to the end of the Performance Fee Period is 5%.
- The Fund's investment return, after deduction of management fees but before deducting any performance fee accrual, for the Performance Fee Period is 10%.
- No Performance Deficit (negative performance fee amounts for previous Performance Fee Periods) exist to carry forward into this Performance Fee Period.

On the basis of the above assumptions, if the applicable Fund NAV (after deduction of management costs, but excluding any performance fee accrual) attributable to an investor's units was \$100,000, the performance fee expense in respect of those units for that Performance Fee Period would be approximately \$1,000 (10% Fund net return less 5% benchmark return = 5% outperformance x 20%).

Please note that the 'investment return' specified in this example:

- is only an example to assist investors to understand the effect of the performance fee expenses on the investment return of the Fund; and
- is not a forecast of the expected investment return for the Fund.

Paradice Global Small Cap Fund

Performance fee example

A reference to the 'Fund' in this section means the Paradice Global Small Cap Fund. Paradice will be paid a performance fee equal to 15% (inclusive of GST and net of any RITC) of the dollar value of the outperformance of the Fund, calculated daily and payable monthly ('Performance Fee Period') in arrears. Outperformance is the difference between the Fund's return (after deduction of management fees, but excluding any performance fee accrual) and the Benchmark return. The Benchmark is the S&P Global ex Australia and New Zealand Between USD1 Billion and USD5 Billion (AUD) Net Total Return Index.

If the Fund does not outperform the Benchmark in dollar terms, after deduction of management fees, no performance fee is payable in respect of that period, and no performance fee will begin to accrue in subsequent periods until the prior underperformance ('Performance Deficit') has been made up.

To ensure that the proportionality between the Performance Deficit and the value of the Fund remains consistent where a redemption occurs, at a time when the Fund has a Performance Deficit, the Performance Deficit will be reduced by the proportion of the Fund's NAV that the redemption represents. No such adjustments occur for applications.

The example below is provided for illustrative purposes only and does not represent any actual or prospective performance of the Fund. We do not provide any assurance that the Fund will achieve the performance used in the example and you should not rely on this in determining whether to invest in the Fund.

The following is an example of the performance fee expense for a Performance Fee Period payable on units of the Paradise Global Small Cap Fund. Terms referred below have the same meaning as detailed in section 6 of the PDS.

Assumptions:

- The percentage movement in S&P Global ex Australia and New Zealand Between USD1 Billion and USD5 Billion (AUD) Net Total Return Index to the end of the Performance Fee Period is 5%.
- The Fund's investment return, after deduction of management fees but before deducting any performance fee accrual, for the Performance Fee Period is 10%.
- No Performance Deficit (negative performance fee amounts for previous Performance Fee Periods) exists to carry forward into this Performance Fee Period.

On the basis of the above assumptions, if the Fund's NAV (after deduction of management costs, but excluding any performance fee accrual) attributable to an investor's units was \$100,000, the performance fee expense in respect of those units for that Performance Fee Period would be approximately \$750 (10% Fund net return less 5% benchmark return = 5% outperformance x 15%).

Please note that the 'investment return' specified in this example:

- is only an example to assist investors to understand the effect of the performance fee expenses on the investment return of the Fund; and
- is not a forecast of the expected investment return for the Fund.

Paradice Australian Equities Fund

Performance fee example

A reference to the 'Fund' in this section means the Paradise Australian Equities Fund. Paradise will be paid a performance fee equal to 15% (inclusive of GST and net of any RITC) of the dollar value of the outperformance of the Fund, calculated daily and payable monthly ('Performance Fee Period') in arrears. Outperformance is the difference between the Fund's return (after deduction of management fees, but excluding any performance fee accrual) and the Benchmark return. The Benchmark is the S&P/ASX200 Total Return Index.

If the Fund does not outperform the Benchmark in dollar terms, after deduction of management fees, no performance fee is payable in respect of that period, and no performance fee will begin to accrue in subsequent periods until the prior underperformance ('Performance Deficit') has been made up.

To ensure that the proportionality between the Performance Deficit and the value of the Fund remains consistent where a redemption occurs, at a time when the Fund has a Performance Deficit, the Performance Deficit will be reduced by the proportion of the Fund's NAV that the redemption represents. No such adjustments occur for applications.

The example below is provided for illustrative purposes only and does not represent any actual or prospective performance of the Fund. We do not provide any assurance that the Fund will achieve the performance used in the example and you should not rely on this in determining whether to invest in the Fund.

The following is an example of the performance fee expense for a Performance Fee Period payable on units of the Paradise Australian Equities Fund. Terms referred below have the same meaning as detailed in section 6 of the PDS.

Assumptions:

- The percentage movement in S&P/ASX200 Total Return Index to the end of the Performance Fee Period is 5%.
- The Fund's investment return, after deduction of management fees but before deducting any performance fee accrual, for the Performance Fee Period is 10%.

- No Performance Deficit (negative performance fee amounts for previous Performance Fee Periods) exists to carry forward into this Performance Fee Period.

On the basis of the above assumptions, if the Fund's NAV (after deduction of management costs, but excluding any performance fee accrual) attributable to an investor's units was \$100,000, the performance fee expense in respect of those units for that Performance Fee Period would be approximately \$750 (10% Fund net return less 5% benchmark return = 5% outperformance x 15%).

Please note that the 'investment return' specified in this example:

- is only an example to assist investors to understand the effect of the performance fee expenses on the investment return of the Fund; and
- is not a forecast of the expected investment return for the Fund.

Paradice Global Emerging Markets Fund

Performance fee example

A reference to the 'Fund' in this section means the Paradise Global Emerging Markets Fund. Paradise will be paid a performance fee equal to 15% (inclusive of GST and net of any RITC) of the dollar value of the outperformance of the Fund, calculated daily and payable annually ('Performance Fee Period') in arrears. Outperformance is the difference between the Fund's return (after deduction of management fees, but excluding any performance fee accrual) and the Benchmark return. The Benchmark is the MSCI Emerging Markets Net Total Return Index.

If the Fund does not outperform the Benchmark in dollar terms, after deduction of management fees, no performance fee is payable in respect of that period, and no performance fee will begin to accrue in subsequent periods until the prior underperformance ('Performance Deficit') has been made up.

To ensure that the proportionality between the Performance Deficit and the value of the Fund remains consistent where a redemption occurs, at a time when the Fund has a Performance Deficit, the Performance Deficit will be reduced by the proportion of the Fund's NAV that the redemption represents. No such adjustments occur for applications.

The example below is provided for illustrative purposes only and does not represent any actual or prospective performance of the Fund. We do not provide any assurance that the Fund will achieve the performance used in the example and you should not rely on this in determining whether to invest in the Fund.

The following is an example of the performance fee expense for a Performance Fee Period payable on units of the Paradise Global Emerging Markets Fund. Terms referred below have the same meaning as detailed in section 6 of the PDS.

Assumptions:

- The percentage movement in MSCI Emerging Markets Net Total Return Index to the end of the Performance Fee Period is 5%.
- The Fund's investment return, after deduction of management fees but before deducting any performance fee accrual, for the Performance Fee Period is 10%.
- No Performance Deficit (negative performance fee amounts for previous Performance Fee Periods) exists to carry forward into this Performance Fee Period.

On the basis of the above assumptions, if the Fund's NAV (after deduction of management costs, but excluding any performance fee accrual) attributable to an investor's units was \$100,000, the performance fee expense in respect of those units for that Performance Fee Period would be approximately \$750 (10% Fund net return less 5% benchmark return = 5% outperformance x 15%).

Please note that the 'investment return' specified in this example:

- is only an example to assist investors to understand the effect of the performance fee expenses on the investment return of the Fund; and
- is not a forecast of the expected investment return for the Fund.

5. Other important information

Taxation

The following information summarises some of the Australian taxation issues you may wish to consider before making an investment in the Fund and assumes that you hold your investment in the Fund on capital account and are not considered to be carrying on a business of investing, trading in investments or investing for the purpose of profit making by sale. The information should be used as a guide only and does not constitute professional tax advice as individual circumstances may differ.

A number of tax reform measures are currently under review by the Australian Government. These reforms may impact on the tax position of the Fund and its investors. Accordingly, it is recommended that investors seek their own professional advice, specific to their own circumstances, of the taxation implications of investing in the Fund.

General

The Funds are Australian resident trusts for Australian tax purposes. Therefore, each Fund is required to determine its net income (taxable income) for the year of income. On the basis that investors are presently entitled (which is the intention of Equity Trustees) to the net income of the Fund (including net taxable capital gains) or will be attributed their share of assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income and tax offsets (i.e. credits) of the relevant Fund and the relevant Fund is not a public trading trust, the relevant Fund should be treated as a flow-through trust for tax purposes. This means that investors should be taxed on their share of the relevant Fund's net taxable income or the amount attributed to them, and the relevant Fund should not be subject to Australian income tax.

In the case where the relevant Fund makes a loss for Australian tax purposes, the relevant Fund cannot distribute the tax loss to investors. However, the tax loss may be carried forward by the relevant Fund for offset against taxable income of the relevant Fund in subsequent years, subject to the operation of the trust loss rules.

Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") – core rules

Each Fund may qualify as an eligible Attribution Managed Investment Trust (AMIT), and if so, intends to elect into the AMIT regime. The AMIT legislation applies an attribution model whereby Equity Trustees as the Responsible Entity of the relevant Fund attributes amounts of trust components of a particular character to investors (or "members") on a fair and reasonable basis consistent with the operation of the relevant Fund's Constitution, which includes provisions in relation to AMIT. Under the AMIT rules, the following will apply:

Fair and reasonable attribution: Each year, the relevant Fund's determined trust components of assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income and tax offsets (i.e. credits) will be allocated to investors on a "fair and reasonable" attribution basis, rather than being allocated proportionally based on each investor's present entitlement to the income of the relevant Fund.

Unders or overs adjustments: Where the Fund's determined trust components for a year are revised in a subsequent year (e.g. due to actual amounts differing to the estimates of income, gains / losses or expenses), then unders and overs may arise. Unders and overs will generally be carried forward and adjusted in the year of discovery.

Cost base adjustments: Where the distribution made is less than (or more than) certain components attributed to investors, then the cost base of an investor's units may be increased (or decreased). Details of cost base adjustments will be included on an investor's annual tax statement, referred to as an AMIT Member Annual Statement ("AMMA").

Large redemptions: In certain circumstances, gains may be attributed to a specific investor, for example, gains on disposal of assets to fund a large redemption being attributed to the redeeming investor.

Penalties: In certain circumstances (e.g. failure to comply with certain AMIT rules), specific penalties may be imposed.

The new rules are intended to reduce complexity, increase certainty and reduce compliance costs for managed investment trusts and their investors. Where the Fund does not elect into the AMIT regime, or has made the election but the election is not effective for the income year (e.g. the Fund does not satisfy the requirements to be a managed investment trust for the income year), the Tax Law applicable to non-AMITs should be relevant. In particular, the Fund should not generally pay tax on behalf of its investors and instead, investors should be assessed for tax on any income and capital gains generated by the Fund to which they become presently entitled.

Deemed Capital Gains Tax ("CGT") Election

Eligible managed investment trusts ("MITs") may make an election to apply a deemed capital account treatment for gains and losses on disposal of certain eligible investments (including equities and units in other trusts but excluding derivatives, debt securities and foreign exchange contracts). Where the election is made the Fund should hold its eligible investments on capital account and gains/(losses) from the disposal of eligible investments should be treated as capital gains/(losses). Capital gains arising on the disposal of eligible investments held for 12 months or greater may be eligible to be treated as discount capital gains.

Where the CGT election is not made, the Fund should hold its eligible investments on revenue account and gains/(losses) from the disposal of eligible investments should be treated as revenue gains or losses.

Controlled Foreign Company ("CFC") Provisions

There are certain tax rules (i.e. the CFC provisions) which may result in assessable income arising in the Fund in relation to investments in foreign equities, where certain control thresholds are met. If such interests were to be held at the end of the income year, the taxable income of the Fund may include a share of net income and gains (i.e. CFC attributable income) from such investments.

Taxation of Financial Arrangements ("TOFA")

The TOFA rules may apply to certain "financial arrangements" held by the Fund. In broad terms, the TOFA regime seeks to recognise "sufficiently certain" returns on certain financial arrangements on an accruals basis for tax purposes rather than on a realisation basis. Where returns from derivative instruments are not "sufficiently certain" they will continue to be recognised on a realisation basis, unless specific tax timing elections are made.

Taxation Reform

The tax information included in this PDS is based on the taxation legislation and administrative practice as at the issue date of this PDS, together with proposed changes to the taxation legislation as announced by the Government. However, the Australian tax system is in a continuing state of reform, and based on the Government's reform agenda, it is likely to escalate rather than diminish. Any reform of a tax system creates uncertainty as to the full extent of announced reforms, or uncertainty as to the meaning of new law that is enacted pending interpretation through the judicial process. These reforms may impact on the tax position of the Fund and its investors. Accordingly, it will be necessary to closely monitor the progress of these reforms, and investors should seek their own professional advice, specific to their own circumstances, of the taxation implications of investing in the Fund.

Tax File Number ("TFN") and Australian Business Number ("ABN")

It is not compulsory for an investor to quote their TFN or ABN. If an investor is making this investment in the course of a business or enterprise, the investor may quote an ABN instead of a TFN. Failure by an investor to quote an ABN or TFN or claim an exemption may cause the Responsible Entity to withhold tax at the top marginal rate, plus the Medicare Levy, on gross payments including distributions or attribution of income to the investor. The investor may be able to claim a credit in their tax return for any TFN or ABN tax withheld. Collection of TFNs is permitted under taxation and privacy legislation.

By quoting their TFN or ABN, the investor authorises Equity Trustees to apply it in respect of all the investor's investments with Equity Trustees. If the investor does not want to quote their TFN or ABN for some investments, Equity Trustees should be advised.

GST

The Fund is registered for GST. The issue or withdrawal of units in the Fund and receipt of distributions are not subject to GST.

The Fund may be required to pay GST included in management and other fees, charges costs and expenses incurred by the Fund. However, to the extent permissible, the Responsible Entity will claim on behalf of the Fund a proportion of this GST as a reduced input tax credit. Unless otherwise stated, fees and charges quoted in this PDS are inclusive of GST and take into account any available reduced input tax credits. The Fund may be entitled to as yet undetermined additional input tax credits on the fees, charges or costs incurred. If the Responsible Entity is unable to claim input tax credits on behalf of the Fund, the Responsible Entity retains the ability to recover the entire GST component of all fees and charges.

The impact of GST payments and credits will be reflected in the unit price of the Fund. Investors should seek professional advice with respect to the GST consequences arising from their unit holding.

Australian Taxation of Australian Resident Investors

Distributions

For each year of income, each Australian resident investor will be required to include within their own tax calculations and tax return filings the assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income and tax offsets (i.e. credits) of the Fund attributed to them by Equity Trustees as the Responsible Entity of the Fund.

The tax consequences for investors in the Fund depends on the tax components of assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income and tax offsets (i.e. credits) of the Fund attributed to them.

Investors will receive an Annual Tax Statement (or an "AMMA" for an AMIT) detailing all relevant taxation information concerning attributed amounts and cash distributions, including any Foreign Income Tax Offset ("FITO") and franking credit entitlements, returns of capital, assessable income, and any upwards or downwards cost base adjustment in the capital gains tax cost base of their units in the Fund (in the case of an AMIT).

An investor may receive their share of attributed tax components of the Fund or net income in respect of distributions made during the year or where they have made a large withdrawal from the Fund, in which case their withdrawal proceeds may include their share of net income or attributed tax components of assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income and tax offsets (i.e. credits). In addition, because Australian investors can move into and out of the Fund at different points in time, there is the risk that taxation liabilities in respect of gains that have benefited past investors may have to be met by subsequent investors.

Foreign Income

The Fund may derive foreign source income that is subject to tax overseas, for example withholding tax. Australian resident investors should include their share of both the foreign income and the amount of the foreign tax withheld in their assessable income. In such circumstances, investors may be entitled to a FITO for the foreign tax paid, against the Australian tax payable on the foreign source income. To the extent the investors do not have sufficient overall foreign source income to utilise all of the FITOs relevant to a particular year of income, the excess FITOs cannot be carried forward to a future income year.

Disposal of Units by Australian Resident Investors

If an Australian resident investor transfers or redeems their units in the Fund, this may constitute a disposal for tax purposes depending on their specific circumstances.

Where an investor holds their units in the Fund on capital account, a capital gain or loss may arise on disposal and each investor should calculate their capital gain or loss according to their own particular facts and circumstances. As noted above, proceeds on disposal may include a component of distributable income. In calculating the taxable amount of a capital gain, a discount of 50% for individuals and trusts or 33 1/3% for complying Australian superannuation funds may be allowed where the units in the Fund have been held for 12 months or more. No CGT discount is available to corporate investors.

Any capital losses arising from the disposal of the investment may be used to offset other capital gains the investor may have derived. Net capital losses may be carried forward for offset against capital gains of subsequent years but may not be offset against ordinary income.

The discount capital gains concession may be denied in certain circumstances where an investor (together with associates) holds 10% or more of the issued units of the Fund, the Fund has less than 300 beneficiaries and other requirements are met. Investors who together with associates are likely to hold more than 10% of the units in the Fund should seek advice on this issue.

Australian Taxation of Non-Resident Investors

Tax on Income

The Fund expects to derive income which may be subject to Australian withholding tax when attributed by Equity Trustees as the Responsible Entity of the Fund to non-resident investors.

Australian withholding tax may be withheld from distributions of Australian source income and gains attributed to a non-resident investor. The various components of the net income of the Fund which may be regarded as having an Australian source include Australian sourced interest, Australian sourced other gains, Australian sourced dividends and CGT taxable Australian property.

We recommend that non-resident investors seek independent tax advice before investing, taking into account their particular circumstances and the provisions of any relevant Double Taxation Agreement/ Exchange of Information Agreement ("EOI") between Australia and their country of residence.

Disposal of Units by Non-Resident Investors

Based on the Fund's investment profile, generally non-resident investors holding their units on capital account should not be subject to Australian capital gains tax on the disposal of units in the Fund unless the units were capital assets held by the investor in carrying on a business through a permanent establishment in Australia. Australian tax may apply in certain circumstances if the non-resident holds their units on revenue account. CGT may also apply in some cases where the Fund has a direct or indirect interest in Australian real property. We recommend that non-resident investors seek independent tax advice in relation to the tax consequences of the disposal of their units.

Your privacy

The Australian Privacy Principles contained in the Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) ("Privacy Act") regulate the way in which we collect, use, disclose, and otherwise handle your personal information. Equity Trustees is committed to respecting and protecting the privacy of your personal information, and our Privacy Policy details how we do this.

It is important to be aware that, in order to provide our products and services to you, Equity Trustees may need to collect personal information about you and any other individuals associated with the product or service offering. In addition to practical reasons, this is necessary to ensure compliance with our legal and regulatory obligations (including under the Corporations Act, the AML/CTF Act and taxation legislation). If you do not provide the information requested, we may not be able to process your application, administer, manage, invest, pay or transfer your investment(s).

You must therefore ensure that any personal information you provide to Equity Trustees is true and correct in every detail. If any of this personal information (including your contact details) changes, you must promptly advise us of the changes in writing. While we will generally collect your personal information from you, your broker or adviser or the Investment Manager and Administrator directly, we may also obtain or confirm information about you from publicly available sources in order to meet regulatory obligations.

In terms of how we deal with your personal information, Equity Trustees will use it for the purpose of providing you with our products and services and complying with our regulatory obligations. Equity Trustees may also disclose it to other members of our corporate group, or to third parties who we work with or engage for these same purposes. Such third parties may be situated in Australia or offshore, however we take reasonable steps to ensure that they will comply with the Privacy Act when collecting, using or handling your personal information.

The types of third parties that we may disclose your information to include, but are not limited to:

- stockbrokers, financial advisers or adviser dealer groups, their service providers and/or any joint holder of an investment;
- those providing services for administering or managing the Fund, including the Investment Manager, Custodian and Administrator, auditors, or those that provide mailing or printing services;
- our other service providers;
- regulatory bodies such as ASIC, ATO, APRA and AUSTRAC; and
- other third parties who you have consented to us disclosing your information to, or to whom we are required or permitted by law to disclose information to.

Equity Trustees or the Investment Manager may from time to time provide you with direct marketing and/or educational material about products and services they believe may be of interest to you. You have the right to "opt out" of such communications by contacting us using the contact details below.

In addition to the above information, Equity Trustees' Privacy Policy contains further information about how we handle your personal information, and how you can access information held about you, seek a correction to that information, or make a privacy-related complaint.

Full details of Equity Trustees' Privacy Policy are available at www.eqt.com.au. You can also request a copy by contacting Equity Trustees' Privacy Officer on +61 3 8623 5000 or by email to privacy@eqt.com.au.

The Constitution

The Fund is governed by a constitution that sets out the Fund's operation (the "Constitution"). The Constitution, together with the Fund's PDS, the Corporations Act and other laws, regulate our legal relationship with investors in the Fund. If you invest in the Fund, you agree to be bound by the terms of the Fund's PDS and the Fund's Constitution. You can request a copy of the Constitution free of charge from Equity Trustees. Please read these documents carefully before investing in the Fund.

We may amend the Constitution from time to time in accordance with the provisions in the Constitution and the Corporations Act.

Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Terrorism Financing ("AML/CTF")

Australia's AML/CTF laws require Equity Trustees to adopt and maintain a written AML/CTF Program. A fundamental part of the AML/CTF Program is that Equity Trustees must hold up-to-date information about investors (including beneficial owner information) in the Fund.

To meet this legal requirement, we need to collect certain identification information (including beneficial owner information) and documentation ("KYC Documents") from new investors. Existing investors may also be asked to provide KYC Documents as part of an ongoing customer due diligence/verification process to comply with AML/CTF laws. If applicants or investors do not provide the applicable KYC Documents when requested, Equity Trustees may be unable to process an application, or may be unable to provide products or services to existing investors until such time as the information is provided.

In order to comply with AML/CTF Laws, Equity Trustees may also disclose information including your personal information that it holds about the applicant, an investor, or any beneficial owner, to its related bodies corporate or service providers, or relevant regulators of AML/CTF Laws (whether inside or outside Australia). Equity Trustees may be prohibited by law from informing applicants or investors that such reporting has occurred.

Equity Trustees shall not be liable to applicants or investors for any loss you may suffer because of compliance with the AML/CTF laws.

Indirect Investors

You may be able to invest indirectly in the Fund via an IDPS by directing the IDPS Operator to acquire units on your behalf. If you do so, you will need to complete the relevant forms provided by the IDPS Operator and not the Application Form accompanying the PDS. This will mean that you are an Indirect Investor in the Fund and not an investor or member of the Fund. Indirect Investors do not acquire the rights of an investor as such rights are acquired by the IDPS Operator who may exercise, or decline to exercise, these rights on your behalf.

Indirect Investors do not receive reports or statements from us and the IDPS Operator's application and withdrawal conditions determine when you can direct the IDPS Operator to apply or redeem. Your rights as an Indirect Investor should be set out in the IDPS Guide or other disclosure document issued by the IDPS Operator.

Information on underlying investments

Information regarding the underlying investments of the Fund will be provided to an investor of the Fund on request, to the extent Equity Trustees is satisfied that such information is required to enable the investor to comply with its statutory reporting obligations. This information will be supplied within a reasonable timeframe having regard to these obligations.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA")

In April 2014, the Australian Government signed an intergovernmental agreement ("IGA") with the United States of America ("U.S."), which requires all Australian financial institutions to comply with the FATCA Act enacted by the U.S. in 2010.

Under FATCA, Australian financial institutions are required to collect and review their information to identify U.S. residents and U.S. controlling persons that invest in assets through non-U.S. entities. This information is reported to the Australian Taxation Office ("ATO"). The ATO may then pass that information onto the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

In order to comply with the FATCA obligations, we may request certain information from you. Failure to comply with FATCA obligations may result in the Fund, to the extent relevant, being subject to a 30% withholding tax on payment of U.S. income or gross proceeds from the sale of certain U.S. investments. If the Fund suffers any amount of FATCA withholding and is unable to obtain a refund for the amounts withheld, we will not be required to compensate investors for any such withholding and the effect of the amounts withheld will be reflected in the returns of the Fund.

Common Reporting Standard (“CRS”)

The CRS is developed by the Organisation of Economic Co-operation and Development and requires certain financial institutions resident in a participating jurisdiction to document and identify reportable accounts and implement due diligence procedures. These financial institutions will also be required to report certain information on reportable accounts to their relevant local tax authorities.

Australia signed the CRS Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement and has enacted provisions within the domestic tax legislation to implement CRS in Australia. Australian financial institutions need to document and identify reportable accounts, implement due diligence procedures and report certain information with respect to reportable accounts to the ATO. The ATO may then exchange this information with foreign tax authorities in the relevant signatory countries.

In order to comply with the CRS obligations, we may request certain information from you. Unlike FATCA, there is no withholding tax that is applicable under CRS.

Benchmark

S&P/ASX Mid Cap 50 Total Return Index (the “INDEX”)

The INDEX is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global, or its affiliates (“SPDJI”) and [Third Party Licensor], and has been licensed for use by Paradice. Standard & Poor’s® and S&P® are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor’s Financial Services LLC, a division of S&P Global (“S&P”); Dow Jones® is a registered trademark of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC (“Dow Jones”); [Third Party Licensor Trademarks] are trademarks of the [Third Party Licensor] and these trademarks have been licensed for use by SPDJI and sublicensed for certain purposes by [Licensee]. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Paradice’s Products are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by SPDJI, Dow Jones, S&P, any of their respective affiliates (collectively, “S&P Dow Jones Indices”) or [Third Party Licensor]. Neither S&P Dow Jones Indices nor [Third Party Licensor] make any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the Paradice’s Products or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in Paradice’s Products particularly or the ability of the INDEX to track general market performance. Past performance of an index is not an indication or guarantee of future results. S&P Dow Jones Indices’ [and Third Party Licensor] only relationship to Paradice with respect to the INDEX is the licensing of the Index and certain trademarks, service marks and/or trade names of S&P Dow Jones Indices and/or its licensors. The INDEX is determined, composed and calculated by S&P Dow Jones Indices or [Third Party Licensor] without regard to Paradice or the Paradice’s Products. S&P Dow Jones Indices and [Third Party Licensor] have no obligation to take the needs of Paradice or the owners of Paradice’s Products into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the INDEX. Neither S&P Dow Jones Indices nor [Third Party Licensor] are responsible for and have not participated in the determination of the prices, and amount of Paradice’s Products or the timing of the issuance or sale of [Licensee’s Product(s)] or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which Paradice’s Products is to be converted into cash, surrendered or redeemed, as the case may be. S&P Dow Jones Indices and [Third Party Licensor] have no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of Paradice’s Products. There is no assurance that investment products based on the INDEX will accurately track index performance or provide positive investment returns. S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC is not an investment or tax advisor. A tax advisor should be consulted to evaluate the impact of any tax-exempt securities on portfolios and the tax consequences of making any particular investment decision. Inclusion of a security within an index is not a recommendation by S&P Dow Jones Indices to buy, sell, or hold such security, nor is it considered to be investment advice.

NEITHER S&P DOW JONES INDICES NOR THIRD PARTY LICENSOR GUARANTEES THE ADEQUACY, ACCURACY, TIMELINESS AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF THE INDICES OR ANY DATA RELATED THERETO OR ANY COMMUNICATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ORAL OR WRITTEN COMMUNICATION (INCLUDING ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS) WITH RESPECT THERETO. S&P DOW JONES INDICES AND [THIRD PARTY LICENSOR] SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ANY DAMAGES OR LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR DELAYS THEREIN. S&P DOW JONES INDICES AND [THIRD PARTY LICENSOR] MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE OR AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY PARADICE, OWNERS OF THE PARADICE’S PRODUCTS, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE INDICES OR WITH RESPECT TO ANY DATA RELATED THERETO. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT WHATSOEVER SHALL S&P DOW JONES INDICES OR [THIRD PARTY LICENSOR] BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, LOSS OF PROFITS, TRADING LOSSES, LOST TIME OR GOODWILL, EVEN IF THEY HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE. THERE ARE NO THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES OF ANY AGREEMENTS OR ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN S&P DOW JONES INDICES AND PARADICE, OTHER THAN THE LICENSORS OF S&P DOW JONES INDICES.

S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Total Return Index (the "INDEX")

The INDEX is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global, or its affiliates ("SPDJI") and [Third Party Licensor], and has been licensed for use by Paradise. Standard & Poor's® and S&P® are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, a division of S&P Global ("S&P"); Dow Jones® is a registered trademark of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC ("Dow Jones"); [Third Party Licensor Trademarks] are trademarks of the [Third Party Licensor] and these trademarks have been licensed for use by SPDJI and sublicensed for certain purposes by [Licensee]. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Paradise's Products are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by SPDJI, Dow Jones, S&P, any of their respective affiliates (collectively, "S&P Dow Jones Indices") or [Third Party Licensor]. Neither S&P Dow Jones Indices nor [Third Party Licensor] make any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the Paradise's Products or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in Paradise's Products particularly or the ability of the INDEX to track general market performance. Past performance of an index is not an indication or guarantee of future results. S&P Dow Jones Indices' [and Third Party Licensor] only relationship to Paradise with respect to the INDEX is the licensing of the Index and certain trademarks, service marks and/or trade names of S&P Dow Jones Indices and/or its licensors. The INDEX is determined, composed and calculated by S&P Dow Jones Indices or [Third Party Licensor] without regard to Paradise or the Paradise's Products. S&P Dow Jones Indices and [Third Party Licensor] have no obligation to take the needs of Paradise or the owners of Paradise's Products into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the INDEX. Neither S&P Dow Jones Indices nor [Third Party Licensor] are responsible for and have not participated in the determination of the prices, and amount of Paradise's Products or the timing of the issuance or sale of [Licensee's Product(s)] or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which Paradise's Products is to be converted into cash, surrendered or redeemed, as th (thee case may be. S&P Dow Jones Indices and [Third Party Licensor] have no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of Paradise's Products. There is no assurance that investment products based on the INDEX will accurately track index performance or provide positive investment returns. S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC is not an investment or tax advisor. A tax advisor should be consulted to evaluate the impact of any tax-exempt securities on portfolios and the tax consequences of making any particular investment decision. Inclusion of a security within an index is not a recommendation by S&P Dow Jones Indices to buy, sell, or hold such security, nor is it considered to be investment advice.

S&P/ASX 200 Total Return Index (the "INDEX")

The INDEX is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global, or its affiliates ("SPDJI") and [Third Party Licensor], and has been licensed for use by Paradise. Standard & Poor's® and S&P® are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, a division of S&P Global ("S&P"); Dow Jones® is a registered trademark of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC ("Dow Jones"); [Third Party Licensor Trademarks] are trademarks of the [Third Party Licensor] and these trademarks have been licensed for use by SPDJI and sublicensed for certain purposes by [Licensee]. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Paradise's Products are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by SPDJI, Dow Jones, S&P, any of their respective affiliates (collectively, "S&P Dow Jones Indices") or [Third Party Licensor]. Neither S&P Dow Jones Indices nor [Third Party Licensor] make any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the Paradise's Products or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in Paradise's Products particularly or the ability of the INDEX to track general market performance. Past performance of an index is not an indication or guarantee of future results. S&P Dow Jones Indices' [and Third Party Licensor] only relationship to Paradise with respect to the INDEX is the licensing of the Index and certain trademarks, service marks and/or trade names of S&P Dow Jones Indices and/or its licensors. The INDEX is determined, composed and calculated by S&P Dow Jones Indices or [Third Party Licensor] without regard to Paradise or the Paradise's Products. S&P Dow Jones Indices and [Third Party Licensor] have no obligation to take the needs of Paradise or the owners of Paradise's Products into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the INDEX. Neither S&P Dow Jones Indices nor [Third Party Licensor] are responsible for and have not participated in the determination of the prices, and amount of Paradise's Products or the timing of the issuance or sale of [Licensee's Product(s)] or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which Paradise's Products is to be converted into cash, surrendered or redeemed, as the case may be. S&P Dow Jones Indices and [Third Party Licensor] have no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of Paradise's Products. There is no assurance that investment products based on the INDEX will accurately track index performance or provide positive investment returns. S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC is not an investment or tax advisor. A tax advisor should be consulted to evaluate the impact of any tax-exempt securities on portfolios and the tax consequences of making any particular investment decision. Inclusion of a security within an index is not a recommendation by S&P Dow Jones Indices to buy, sell, or hold such security, nor is it considered to be investment advice.

S&P Global ex Australia and New Zealand Between USD1 Billion and USD5 Billion (AUD) Net Total Return Index (the "INDEX")

The INDEX is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global, or its affiliates ("SPDJI") and [Third Party Licensor], and has been licensed for use by Paradise. Standard & Poor's® and S&P® are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, a division of S&P Global ("S&P"); Dow Jones® is a registered trademark of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC ("Dow Jones"); [Third Party Licensor Trademarks] are trademarks of the [Third Party Licensor] and these trademarks have been licensed for use by SPDJI and sublicensed for certain purposes by [Licensee]. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Paradise's Products are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by SPDJI, Dow Jones, S&P, any of their respective affiliates (collectively, "S&P Dow Jones Indices") or [Third Party Licensor]. Neither S&P Dow Jones Indices nor [Third Party Licensor] make any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the Paradise's Products or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in Paradise's Products particularly or the ability of the INDEX to track general market performance. Past performance of an index is not an indication or guarantee of future results. S&P Dow Jones Indices' [and Third Party Licensor] only relationship to Paradise with respect to the INDEX is the licensing of the Index and certain trademarks, service marks and/or trade names of S&P Dow Jones Indices and/or its licensors. The INDEX is determined, composed and calculated by S&P Dow Jones Indices or [Third Party Licensor] without regard to Paradise or the Paradise's Products. S&P Dow Jones Indices and [Third Party Licensor] have no obligation to take the needs of Paradise or the owners of Paradise's Products into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the INDEX. Neither S&P Dow Jones Indices nor [Third Party Licensor] are responsible for and have not participated in the determination of the prices, and amount of Paradise's Products or the timing of the issuance or sale of [Licensee's Product(s)] or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which Paradise's Products is to be converted into cash, surrendered or redeemed, as the case may be. S&P Dow Jones Indices and [Third Party Licensor] have no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of Paradise's Products. There is no assurance that investment products based on the INDEX will accurately track index performance or provide positive investment returns. S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC is not an investment or tax advisor. A tax advisor should be consulted to evaluate the impact of any tax-exempt securities on portfolios and the tax consequences of making any particular investment decision. Inclusion of a security within an index is not a recommendation by S&P Dow Jones Indices to buy, sell, or hold such security, nor is it considered to be investment advice.

MSCI Emerging Markets Net Total Return Index (the "INDEX")

Neither MSCI nor any other party involved in or related to compiling, computing or creating the MSCI data makes any express or implied warranties or representations with respect to such data (or the results to be obtained by the use thereof), and all such parties hereby expressly disclaim all warranties or originality, accuracy, completeness, merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose with respect to any such data. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall MSCI, any of its affiliates or any third party involved in or relation to compiling, computing or creating the data have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including lost profits) even if notified of the possibility of such damages. No further distribution or dissemination of the MSCI data is permitted without MSCI's express written consent or such similar language as may be approved in advance in writing by MSCI.

6. Glossary

AML/CTF

Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing.

Application Form

The Application Form attached to the PDS of a Fund.

APRA

Australian Prudential Regulation Authority.

ATO

Australian Taxation Office.

AUSTRAC

Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre.

Business Day

A day other than a Saturday or a Sunday on which banks are open for general banking business in Sydney or if the Administrator of the Fund primarily performs its administrative functions in respect of the Fund in a city other than Sydney, the city in which the Administrator performs such functions.

Constitution

The trust deed which governs a Fund, as amended from time to time.

Corporations Act

The Australian Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), as amended from time to time.

IDPS

An Investor Directed Portfolio Service or Investor Direct Portfolio-like service offered through a registered managed investment scheme or a nominee or custodial service. An IDPS is generally the vehicle through which an investor purchases a range of underlying investment options from numerous investment managers, with the IDPS Operator providing the investor with consolidated and streamlined transaction statements and other reporting. In New Zealand, the IDPS needs to be licensed as a Discretionary Investment Management Service provider.

IDPS Operator

The operator of an IDPS.

Indirect Investors

Individuals who invest in a Fund through an IDPS.

KYC Documents

'Know Your Customer' Documents required under AML/CTF laws to identify a potential or existing investor in a Fund.

Net Asset Value (NAV)

The value of the assets of a Fund less the value of the liabilities of a Fund calculated in accordance with each Fund's Constitution.

Retail Client

Persons or entities defined as such under sections 761G and 761GA of the Corporations Act.

RITC

Reduced input tax credit(s).

US Person

A person so classified under securities or tax law in the United States of America ("U.S.") including, in broad terms, the following persons:

- (a) any citizen of, or natural person resident in, the U.S., its territories or possessions; or

- (b) any corporation or partnership organised or incorporated under any laws of or in the U.S. or of any other jurisdiction if formed by a U.S. Person (other than by accredited investors who are not natural persons, estates or trusts) principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933; or
- (c) any agency or branch of a foreign entity located in the U.S.; or
- (d) a pension plan primarily for U.S. employees of a U.S. Person; or
- (e) a U.S. collective investment vehicle unless not offered to U.S. Persons; or
- (f) any estate of which an executor or administrator is a U.S. Person (unless an executor or administrator of the estate who is not a U.S. Person has sole or substantial investment discretion over the assets of the estate and such estate is governed by non-U.S. law) and all the estate income is non-U.S. income not liable to U.S. income tax; or
- (g) any trust of which any trustee is a U.S. Person (unless a trustee who is a professional fiduciary is a U.S. Person and a trustee who is not a U.S. Person has sole or substantial investment discretion over the assets of the trust and no beneficiary (or settlor, if the trust is revocable) of the trust is a U.S. Person); or

- (h) any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary for the benefit or account of a U.S. Person; or
- (i) any non-discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary organised, incorporated or (if an individual) resident in the U.S. for the benefit or account of a U.S. Person.

We, us

Refers to Equity Trustees.

Wholesale Client

Persons or entities defined as such under sections 761G and 761GA of the Corporations Act.

Wholesale Investor

In the case of a New Zealand investor, means a Wholesale Client who also meets the definition of wholesale investor under clause 3(2) of Schedule 1 of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (New Zealand).